

# Introduction to Numerical Integration

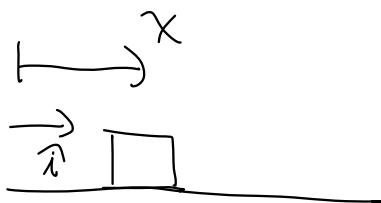
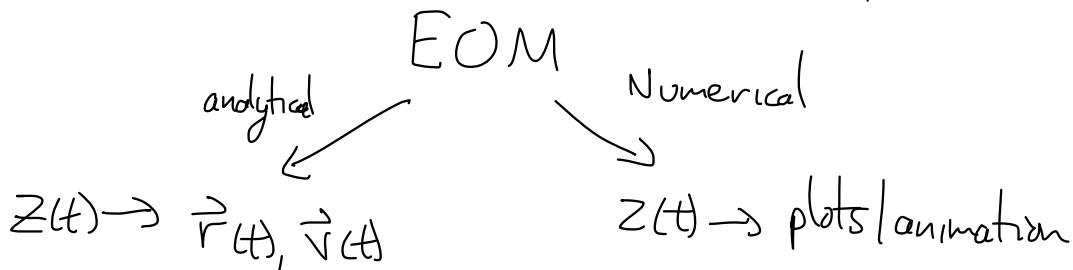
Tuesday, September 8, 2020 2:50 PM

- Euler's method

- ode45

- animation

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$$z = [x]$$

$$\begin{matrix} x_1 & t_1 \\ \dot{x}_1 & \end{matrix}$$

$$x_{t+1} = x_1 + \dot{x}_1 (t_{t+1} - t_1)$$

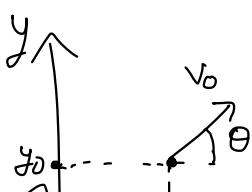
$$z_{t+1} = z_1 + \dot{z}_1 dt$$

Euler's Method

$z_1$  (initial state)  
 $(\dot{z}(t))$  rate of change of state  
 $\rightarrow z(t)$

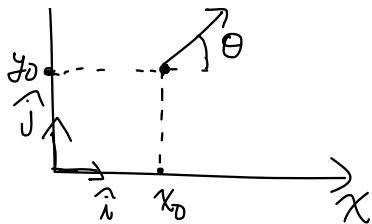
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e.g.

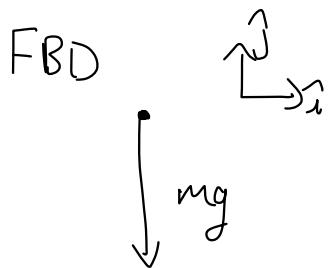


$$g$$

goal: find position & velocity over time & "do interesting things" with  $H \perp L \perp L$



time & "do interesting things" with that information



$$\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

$$-mg\hat{j} = m(\ddot{x}\hat{i} + \ddot{y}\hat{j})$$

$$\ddot{x} = 0$$

$$\ddot{y} = -g$$

### Analytical Solution

$$x(t) = V_0 \cos(\theta)t + x_0$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{g t^2}{2} + V_0 \sin(\theta)t + y_0$$

### Numerical Solution

$$z_{t+1} = z_t + \dot{z}_t \Delta t$$

$$z = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} \quad \dot{z} = \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x} \\ \ddot{y} \\ \ddot{\dot{x}} \\ \ddot{\dot{y}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z_{\text{next}} = z_{\text{now}} + \dot{z} \Delta t$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_{t+1} \\ y_{t+1} \\ \dot{x}_{t+1} \\ \dot{y}_{t+1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_t \\ y_t \\ \dot{x}_t \\ \dot{y}_t \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_t \\ \dot{y}_t \\ \ddot{x}_t \\ \ddot{y}_t \end{bmatrix} \Delta t$$

$$z_0 = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \\ V_0 \cos(\theta) \\ V_0 \sin(\theta) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\ddot{x} = 0$$

$$\ddot{y} = -g$$

$$\ddot{y} = -g$$

## code setup

### Master file

- Define parameters ( $g, m, L, \text{etc}$ )
- Define time array
- Define initial conditions
- call integrator (`myEulerSolver/ode45`)
- post-processing (plotting & animating)

### myrhs (function)

- Unpack parameters
- calculate  $\dot{z}$  using EOM

### myEulerSolver

- create  $Z$  array
- Begin loop
- Define  $z$  for each time step
- call myrhs function to get  $\dot{z}$
- calculate new  $z$  from  $\dot{z}$  & old  $z$
- end loop

ans-func

ans - func

$\rho = \text{struct}(\cdot, \cdot)$

myfun

in:  $(t, z, p)$   
% does stuff  
out:  $\dot{z}$

$$f = @(t, z) \text{myfun}(t, z, p)$$

f

in:  $(t, z)$

$\dot{z} = \text{myfun}(t, z, p)$   
out:  $\dot{z}$