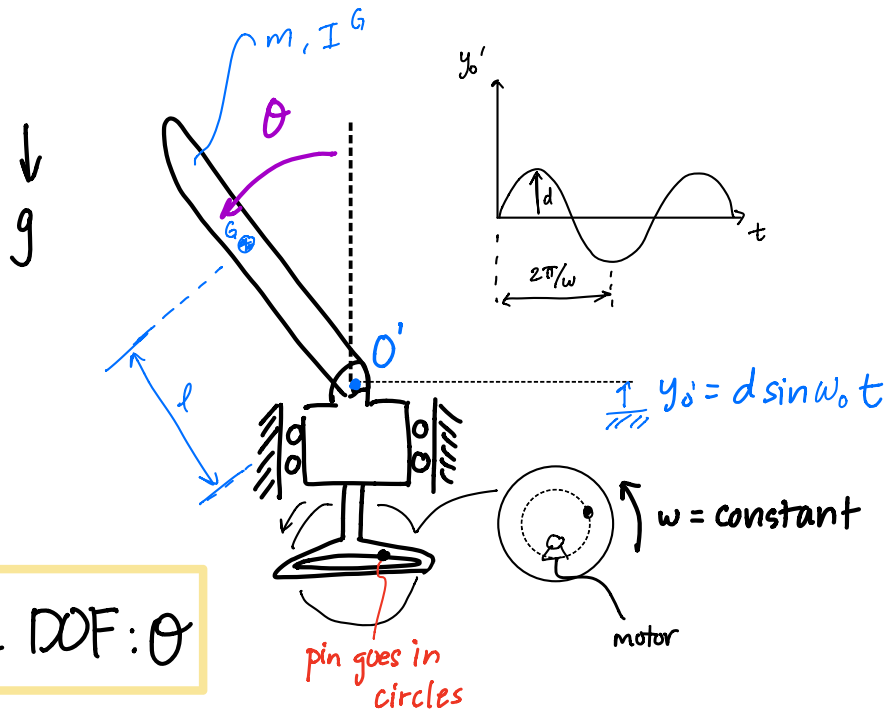
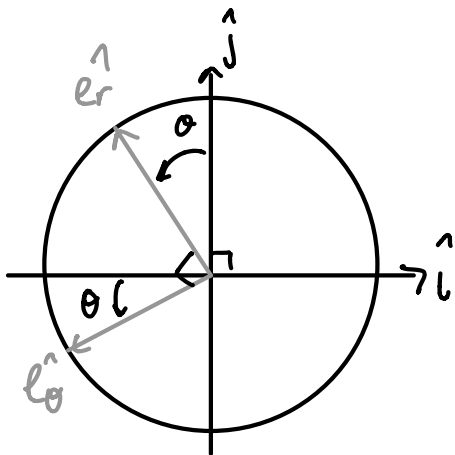
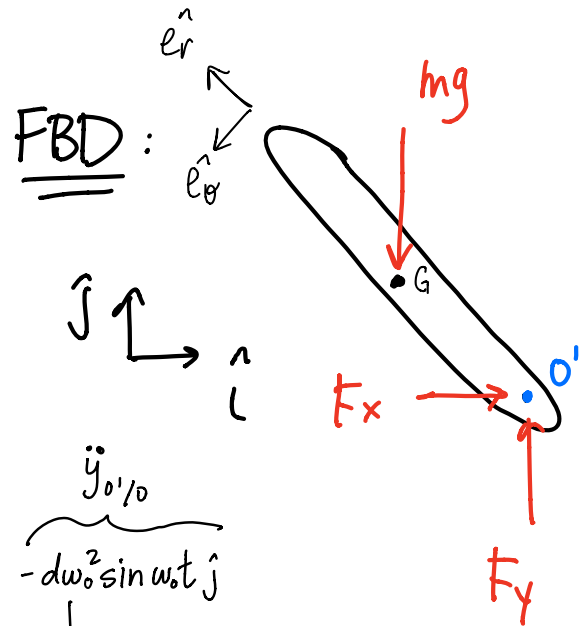
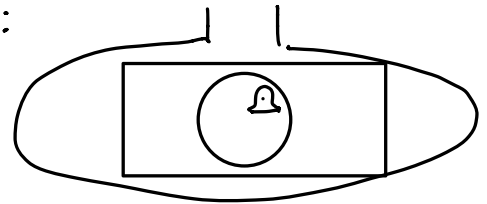


Today: Inverted shaken pendulum



Mechanism: Scotch Yolk

Alt:



$$- \omega^2 r_{G/O'} + \dot{\omega} \hat{k} \times r_{G/O'} \quad \ddot{y}_{O'/O} = -d\omega_o^2 \sin(\omega_o t) \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{a}_{G/O'} + \vec{a}_{O'/O}$$

$$\underline{\underline{AMB_{/O'}}} = \sum \vec{M}_{/O'} = \vec{r}_{G/O'} \times m \vec{a}_{G/O'} + I_G \dot{\omega} \hat{k}$$

$$mgl \sin \theta \hat{k} = l \hat{e}_r \times m \left[-\ddot{\theta} l \hat{e}_r + \ddot{\theta} l \hat{e}_\theta - d\omega_o^2 \sin(\omega_o t) \hat{j} \right] + I_G \ddot{\theta} \hat{k}$$

$$\{ mgl \sin \theta \hat{k} = [\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\theta} l^2 \hat{k} + dl \omega_o^2 \sin(\omega_o t) \sin \theta \hat{k}] m + I_G \ddot{\theta} \hat{k} \}$$

$$\{\} \cdot \hat{k} \Rightarrow mgl \sin \theta = l \underbrace{d\omega_0^2 \sin(\omega_0 t)}_{-a_{01}} \sin \theta m + \ddot{\theta} (ml^2 + I^G)$$

$\vec{a}_{01} = a_{01} \hat{j}$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{m(g + \overbrace{d\omega_0^2 \sin(\omega_0 t)}^{-a_{01}}) l \sin \theta}{I^G + ml^2}$$

$\dot{\omega} \uparrow$

$\dot{\theta} = \omega$

ready for MATLAB

special case: $I^G = 0$ (point mass)

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{(g + a_{01}) \sin \theta}{l}$$

demo: Andy uses a jigsaw to demonstrate problem & explains why the stick stays vertical with enough shaking